

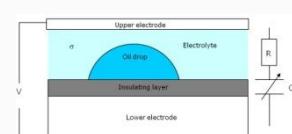
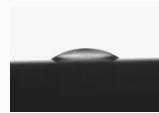
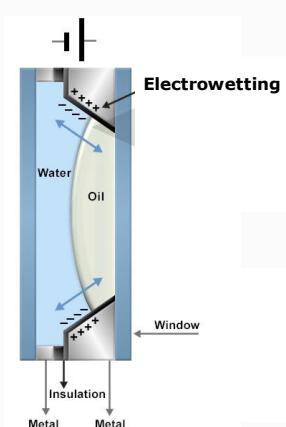
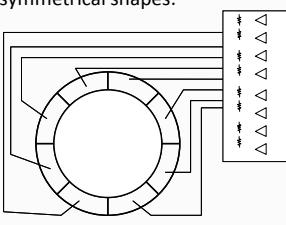
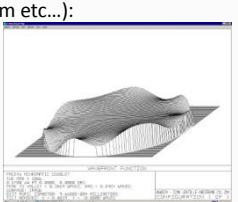
THE LIQUID LENS TECHNOLOGY

HOW IT WORKS AND WHAT IT IS DOING

Varioptic has developed a liquid lens technology: manipulating liquids in a cell enables to achieve complex optical functions like focus, tilt and higher order corrections. These functions can be used to focus a camera, to correct the handshake blur, or even manipulate light from sophisticated laser systems. Application are widely distributed through consumer and professional imaging, data capture, illumination, 3D capture and many other applications which are still to be invented...

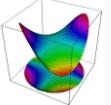
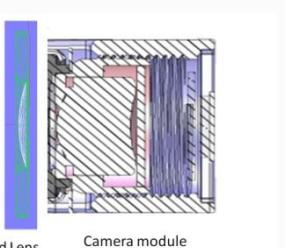
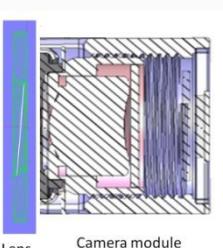
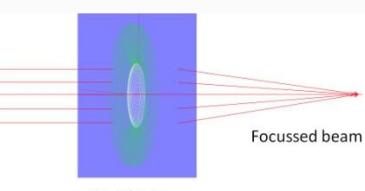
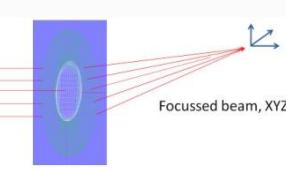
The basics of Liquid Lens technology

Liquids are highly transparent, extremely flexible and without any optical defect. They have been used since decades inside the optical systems of high-end goggles or high-end camcorders. The innovation brought by our technology is to be able to change the liquid surface in a very precise and controlled way, using Electrowetting. In addition, liquids are by definition very flexible, thus requiring very low power consumption: a few milliwatts.

Electrowetting or how an electric field can shape a liquid interface:	The simplest liquid lens using the concept of Electrowetting: Arctic 316	OIS liquid lens: A more sophisticated version of the liquid lens enabling higher order optical corrections: Baltic 617
<p>Electrowetting principle:</p>  <p>The voltage induces a change in the contact angle of the fluid on the surface, thus making the oil drop more prominent</p> <p>No voltage, the liquid drop is flat</p>  <p>Voltage increases at 30V</p>  <p>Voltage 60V, drop has "emerged"</p>  <p>Inside the cell, the 2 liquids are sealed: the liquid lens external shape is fixed. No moving part: only the liquids inside are changing shape.</p> <p>Main advantages: robustness, speed, low power consumption</p>	 <p>The simplest liquid lens using the concept of Electrowetting: Arctic 316</p>  <p>Electrowetting</p>	<p>The multi-electrode design, enabling driving the liquid interface to non symmetrical shapes:</p>  <p>Implant's electrodes Associated electronics</p> <p>An example of 8 electrodes, achieving higher order aberrations corrections (astigmatism etc...):</p>  <p>Another example : Baltic 617 for Optical Image Stabilization of handshake:</p> 

What is it useful for?

Electrowetting enables to manipulate the liquid interface shape, in order to create various optical functions or optical corrections.

<p>Single electrode lens: Liquid interface is a sphere, changing radius as a function of voltage</p>	<p>4-Electrode lens: Liquid interface is a sphere of adjustable radius + arbitrary tilts can be generated</p>	<p>Multiple electrode lens (8): the liquid interface can include Zernike corrections for: Sphere Tilt Cylinder (or astigmatism)</p>
		
<p>Fast focusing of the light for</p>	<p>Fast focusing and tilting of the light beam for</p>	<p>(only 4 electrodes are shown)</p>
<p><u>Digital imaging applications:</u></p>	<p><u>Digital imaging applications:</u></p>	<p><u>Digital imaging applications:</u></p>
 <p>Liquid Lens Camera module</p>	 <p>Liquid Lens Camera module</p>	<p>• Same as previous</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> get faster a sharp image get faster multiple images at different focus positions, from infinity to 5cm object distance. reconstruct a 3D map from depth information of the scene. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> same as previous + improve low light capture correct for handshake in real time generate sub-pixel tilts for "super-resolution" multi acquisitions (zooming) generate astigmatism in one fixed direction: faster AF 	<p><u>Imaging for medical and ophthalmic instruments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> correction of the main aberrations of the human eye improve retina imaging help the diagnosis of the corrections to be applied to vision microscopy
<p><u>Non-imaging applications:</u></p>	<p><u>Non-imaging applications:</u></p>	<p><u>Non Imaging applications:</u></p>
 <p>Liquid Lens Focussed beam</p>	 <p>Liquid Lens Focussed beam, XYZ</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> correction of the lowest order Zernike components of the wave front aberrations, in hybrid adaptive optics wave front corrections in laser systems, including astigmatism control of 8th order polynomial corrections, in one fixed direction.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Laser focusing Z Laser de-cohering Light dispersing for illumination Longitudinal spectrometry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Laser focusing XYZ feedback loops for fine optical adjustments active control of beam deviations 	
<p>Product available: Arctic 316</p>	<p>Product available: Baltic 617</p>	

Liquid lens is the solution for fast and precise light manipulation: focus, tilt, astigmatism for imaging and non-imaging applications